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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/068,117	02/05/2002	James D. Greene	WSIL 0160 PUS	7381
22045 75	590 06/20/2003		2	5
BROOKS & KUSHMAN		EXAMINER		
1000 TOWN CENTER 22ND FL SOUTHFIELD, MI 48075			MOORE, MARGARET G	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1712	
			DATE MAILED: 06/20/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Symmony	10/068,117	GREENE, JAMES D.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Margaret G. Moore	1712			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>04 June 2003</u> .				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b)□	This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1 to 23, 26 to 33 is/are pending	in the application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1 to 23, 26 to 33</u> is/are rejected.					
7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).					
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.					
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94: Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No.	3) 5) Notice of	w Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTO-326 (Rev. 04-01) Off	ice Action Summary	Part of Paper No. 8			

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1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1 to 3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Witucki et al.
- 4. Claims 10 to 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Witucki et al.

These rejections were made in the previous office action. Applicants have not specifically traversed these rejections and as such they are maintained for reasons of record.

5. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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6. Claims 1 to 23, 26 to 33 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 to 13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,344,520. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because of reasons or record. The Examiner notes that this rejection was made previously and was not specifically traversed in applicants' response. As such, it is maintained.

7. Claims 1 to 19 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yamaya et al.

This rejection is maintained from the previous office action. Applicants' traversal is not persuasive of novelty. For instance, applicants state that Yamaya is directed to a solid resin, citing column 3, lines 5 to 11. Initially the Examiner notes that a liquid siloxane is not required by claim 1. However, directly below the cited teaching on lines 5 to 11 Yamaya et al. teach that the siloxane therein can also be a reactive diluent. Furthermore the previous office action cited various examples in which liquid siloxanes are prepared, for instance Example 22 and Example 11.

Applicants also state that Yamaya et al. is directed to silsesquixoanes, which do not contain D units and that claim 1 requires D units to be present. Applicants are reminded, however, that "up to" embraces zero, and thus D units are not required in claim 1. On the other hand, applicants' attention is again directed to Example 22, in which D units are present. As such, this rejection is maintained.

8. Claims 22 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamaya et al.

This rejection relies on the rationale of record. Yamaya et al. is not limited to high molecular weight siloxanes, as noted previously, and in fact teach many siloxanes having a viscosity within applicants' preferred ranges. Regarding claim 23, Yamaya et al. show various siloxanes having at least three E components.

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9. Claims 26 to 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Yamaya et al.

Applicants are of the position that Yamaya et al. do not teach or suggest a resin having about 30 mole% D units and about 70 mole% T units. The Examiner notes that "about" means that exactitude is not claimed, but rather a contemplated variation. This term has latitude in its range and thus in its limitations. The Examiner notes that the specification provides no guidance as to what is embraced by "about". In Yamaya et al., Example 22 shows a composition having 20 mole% D units and 80 mole% T units. In view of the breadth given to the term about, it would appear that such a resin meets the instant claims. Note that the prior art resin meets the claimed epoxy equivalent weight as well as the claimed viscosity.

On the other hand, a prima facie case of obviousness exists where the claimed ranges and prior art ranges do not overlap but are close enough that one skilled in the art would have expected them to have the same properties. In this manner, the instant claims would have been obvious over the teachings of Yamaya et al.

- 10. Claim 20 is neither taught nor suggested by the prior art. This is consistent with that noted in the previous office action.
- 11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Margaret G. Moore whose telephone number is 703-308-4334. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Wednesday and Friday, 10am to 4pm..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Dawson can be reached on 703-308-2340. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9311 for regular communications and 703-872-9310 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

Margaret 6 Moore Primary Examiner

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mgm June 19, 2003